High Performance Computing and Big

Environment (XSEDE)

XSEDE

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Extreme Science and Engineering Discovery Environment

Outline

- What Is Supercomputing?
- Overview of XSEDE Resources for Computational Economics
 - Computational Resources
 - Data Storage & Transfer Resources
 - Software Resources
- How to Access and Use XSEDE Resources



What is a supercomputer?

A bunch of "commodity" components + enhancements

- Processors: essentially the same as your Mac or PC at home, arranged on "blades" (motherboards) or "nodes"; multiple blades are mounted on "racks"
- Network: *very* fast connection between blades (you don't have this at home)
- Software: Generally some flavor of UNIX, usually
 Linux, optimized for using a lot of processors
 together
- Storage: similar to what you would put into your home computer (traditional hard drives and SSDs), but *a lot* of them configured to work together in parallel for performance ("parallel filesystem")





Different flavors of supercomputing "High Performance Computing" (HPC)

- Single application running on many, many processors
- Focused on floating-point operations per second (FLOPS)
 - A good laptop system today: ~50 GigaFLOPS
 - HPC resources like those on XSEDE: Fairly easily achieve TeraFLOPS, and with enough effort, even PetaFLOPS
- "High Throughput Computing" (HTC)
 - Running many (smaller) applications at once
- "Data-intensive Computing" (Big Data)
 - Focused on data storage amount (Terabytes to Petabytes of disk) and access speed (I/O operations per second or IOPS)

Data-intensive (Big Data) Computing

- "New" field of supercomputing
- Brought on by data deluge in fields like genomics, astronomy
- Data movement and manipulation dominate computation
- Strategies
 - Hardware
 - Solid-state drives (SSDs)
 - Memory filesystems (RAM disk)
 - Software, e.g.:
 - MapReduce (Large-scale distributed data-analytics, fromGoogle)
 - Hadoop (open implementation of MapReduce)
 - Spark (a high performance data analytics engine)



Watson wins 'Jeopardy!' finale

http://latimesblogs.latimes.com/showtracker/2011/02/watsonjeopardy-finale-man-vs-machine-showdown.html



Machine Learning

- Systems that automatically improve in performing some task with data
- Emphasis back on FLOPs, but data handling is still important
- Strategies
 - Hardware
 - Accelerators (GPUs, FPGAs)
 - Solid-state drives (SSDs)
 - Memory drives (RAM disk)
 - Algorithms/Software
 - Traditional Machine Learning
 - Regression (Linear/Logistic/Lasso/Ridge), Support Vector Machines, Decision Trees, Random Forests, ...
 - scikit-learn (Python), Apache Spark MLlib (Python, R, Java, Scala), MATLAB Statistics and Machine Learning Toolbox, Weka3 (Java), ...
 - Deep Learning / Neural Networks
 - Convolutions Neural Net (CNN), Recurrent Neural Net (RNN), Generative Adversarial Networks (GAN)
 - Tensorflow, Keras, Torch, Caffe/Caffe2, Apache MXNet, LBANN, ...



Carnegie Mellon Reveals Inner Workings of Victorious Poker AI :Libratus AI Defeated Top Pros in 20 Days of Poker Play, <u>https://www.scs.cmu.edu/news/carnegie-mellon-</u> reveals-inner-workings-victorious-poker-ai

XSEDE

Used PSC's Bridges!!!

Distributed Memory vs Shared memory

- Distributed Memory Computing
 - Each processing element controls its own memory
 - If a processing element needs data from the memory of another, that data has to be explicitly exchanged from the latter to the former through the interconnect
 - MPI
- Shared Memory
 - SMP: Symmetric multiprocessing
 - Every processing element can access all of the mem
 - A single blade or node is a small SMP
 - Large SMPs bring together many nodes into a single memory space
 - Fast interconnect between nodes
 - OpenMP







Pros and Cons of Distributed vs Shared Memory Computing

- Distributed memory
 - Pros
 - Can scale to very high processor counts with MPI, 10K-100K cores
 - Ubiquitous
 - Cons
 - Difficult to program if you have to do it yourself (for complex cases)

Shared memory

- Pros
 - Can be done easily using OpenMP directives or packages that use OpenMP
 - Directly parallelize existing serial code (parallelize existing loops)
- Cons
 - Usually a limited amount of parallelism, ~100 cores



High Performance Computing (cont.)

- Heteregeneous: Incorporate specialized processing elements into traditional HPC system, e.g.:
 - Graphics processing unit (GPU)
 - Only works (well) for some problems
 - Used to be hard to program (CUDA), but now getting easier (OpenACC, OpenCL)
 - Cost-effective performance (high performance per dollar)
 - Field-programmable gate array (FPGA)
 - Only works (well) for some problems
 - Requires experts to program
 - Potentially amazing performance, low power consumption



XSEDE Extreme Science and Engineering Discovery Environment

What is XSEDE ?

- e<u>X</u>treme <u>S</u>cience and <u>E</u>ngineering <u>D</u>iscovery <u>E</u>nvironment
- An integrated set of leading-edge computational, networking, data, software, and support resources to facilitate science.
- People around the world use these resources and services

 things like supercomputers, collections of data and new tools to improve our planet.
- Funded by the National Science Foundation (NSF)
- <u>Free</u> for open research



XSEDE Consists of Many Partners



- NCSA @ Illinois is the lead organization
- Current major resource providers circled in red
- Many other partners providing various management and training services



Who Can Access XSEDE Resources?

• XSEDE PI Requirements:

- Researchers/educators at U.S. academic/non-profit institutions, (post-docs yes, but not grad students)
- Researchers at for-profit institutions doing open research

Additional Users:

 – PI's collaborators (including foreign), students; they need to be added to the PIs XSEDE grant



What resources are available?

- Compute
 - Massively Parallel (100,000 cores)
 - Shared Memory (upto 12 TB)
 - High Throughput Computing
 - Cloud computing
- Special purpose: heterogeneous, dataintensive web hosting
- Networking and Storage
 - \$HOME, \$SCRATCH, and archival storage comes with allocation
 - Can also request purely data allocations
- Science Gateways (Web Portals)
- Human: Extended Collaborative Support Service (ECSS), Science Gateway Community Initiative (SGCI)

https://portal.xsede.org/resource-monitor#vis-resources

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What resources are available?

Compute Resources

Name	Status	CPUs	Peak TFlops
Stampede2 📕			
📕 User Guide	 Healthy 	368280	12800.0
Comet 🗾	. Hoolthy	46750	2000.0
🗲 User Guide	• Healury	46752	2000.0
XStream 📕		4000	1001 7
🗲 User Guide	 Healthy 	1300	1001.7
SuperMIC	and the second se	7000	005.0
🗲 User Guide	 Healthy 	7200	925.0
Bridges GPU 🛢	- Healthy	13//	894.6
📕 User Guide	• Healthy	1544	054.0
Bridges Regular Memory			
	 Healthy 	21056	894.6
🖋 User Guide			
Bridges Large Memory			
	 Healthy 	160	894.6
📕 User Guide			
Comet GPU 🗾	4 Lingthin	4700	101.2
🗲 User Guide	 неанну 	1728	104.0
Wrangler 🛢		0000	
📕 User Guide	 Healthy 	2304	62.0

Storage Resources

Name	File Space (TB)
TACC Long-term tape Archival Storage (Ranch) 🗐 🗲 User Guide	61440.0
TACC Long-term Storage (Wrangler Storage) 周 🗲 User Guide	10000.0
PSC Storage (Bridges Pylon) 🖻 🗲 User Guide	10000.0
SDSC Medium-term disk storage (Data Oasis) 🛢 🗲 User Guide	4000.0
IU/TACC Storage (Jetstream Storage) 🛢	960.0

HTC and Cloud Resources

Name	Status	CPUs	Peak TFlops
Jetstream ■	✓ Healthy	15360	516.1
Open Science Grid ₽	✓ Healthy	60000	50.0



XSEDE Data Storage Resources

- All active users with compute allocations get access to:
 - short-term storage
 - long-term storage
- Special 'data allocations' also available

Long-term storage

- Ranch @ TACC
 61.44 PB tape archive
- Wrangler @ IU/TACC
 - 0.5 PB high speed flash + 10PB disk
- Bridges Pylon @ PSC
 10 PB disk
- Data Oasis @ SDSC
 - 7 PB disk (Lustre)
- Jetstream storage @ IU/TACC

SEDE

- 0.96 PB

Transferring data to, from and between XSEDE resources

- scp, gsiscp, rsync: command line tools
- Globus Online: web-based optimized file transfer
 - Easy way to use fast gridftp on XSEDE, 100+ MB/s
 - Tracks transfers and automatically restarts, other features
 - <u>https://www.globusonline.org/</u>



What software is available?

- Comprehensive software search feature for existing software: <u>https://portal.xsede.org/software#/</u>
- Existing software is mostly open-source but some are commercial
- In some cases, resource providers provides licenses for commercial software, but for others you have to bring your own license (BYOL)
- We can also install software that is not currently available
- Send questions/requests to help@xsede.org



Software for Economics

- Matlab
- R
- Python:
 - SciPy
 - NumPy
- C/C++/Fortran +MPI/OpenMP
- VMs
- Containers (e.g. Singularity)

- Not all available software officially deployed, so may not all appear in "Comprehensive" search
- First determine what computational/data resources are best for you and software needs can usually be addressed (assuming it is open, or you have a license)



Example: Comprehensive software search

https://portal.xsede.org/software#

Find software available on XSEDE Service Provider sites. You can view by Resource, Site or Software type and then search for name, version, URL and more. To view details about a software package, click on the software name to see available versions. For more details click on the version to find out more about the software including how to access the software package.

Are you looking for software that is accessible via a science gateway? Visit the Science Gateways Application List

Help us gauge interest in potential future installations: if there's a software package you'd find useful, submit a ticket to let us know.

	Clear Search
Matlab	
View by:	Collapse All
Resources	Bridges
Science Category/Domain	mattab
Sites	Comet
	matlab
	Stampede2
	matlab
0	SuperMIC
	matlab
	Wrangler
	matlab mcr



Using MATLAB in parallel

- Job level parallelism launch multiple MATLAB jobs using a (SLURM) script
- Inherently multithreaded functions
- Parallel Computing Toolbox within a node (e.g., upto 352 cores on Bridges Extreme Shared Memory node)
 - parfor (parallel for loops)
 - spmd (Single Program Multiple Data distributed arrays, MPI-like)
 - GPU-based
- MATLAB Distributed Computing Server (MDCS) –scale across nodes, available on Comet at SDSC
 - parfor
 - spmd
 - GPU-based



Using R in parallel

- Parallel libraries available
 - threaded
 - compile with threaded MKL library (ask a sysadmin)
 - pnmath: uses OpenMP versions of standard math libraries
 - distributed
 - multicore creates new processes to execute functions on different cores
 - RMPI facilitates using message passing within R
 - foreach: allows you parallelize loops using simple directives, using various methods "under the hood" that you can choose: RMPI, multicore

Ref: <u>http://www.nics.tennessee.edu/computing-resources/nautilus/software?&software=r</u>



Using R in parallel

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Investigating Economic Impacts of Images and Natural Language in E-commerce Dokyun Lee, CMU Tepper School of Business

- Security and uncertain quality create challenges for sharing economies
 - Lee et al. studied the impact of highquality, verified photos for Airbnb hosts
 - 17,000 properties over 4 months
 - Used Bridges' GPU nodes
- Security and uncertain quality create challenges for sharing economies
 - ✓ Difference-in-Difference (DD) analysis showed that on average, rooms with verified photos are booked 9% more often
 - Separating effects of photo verification from photo quality and room reviews indicates that high photo quality results in \$2,455 of additional yearly earnings
 - They found asymmetric spillover effects: on the neighborhood level, there appears to be higher overall demand if more rooms have verified photos

Figure 1 Compare Unverified To Verified Photos





Verified Photo



XSEDE

XSEDE Extreme Science and Engineering Discovery Environment

Allocations

- To get started using XSEDE a researcher needs to:
 - Apply for an XSEDE allocation
 - Or request to be added to an existing allocation (Additional User).
 - You do either of these through the XSEDE User Portal.
- In addition to research, can also receive allocations for educational/instructional purposes



XSEDE User Portal

- Web-based single point of contact that provides:
 - -Continually updated information about your accounts.
 - -Access to your XSEDE accounts and allocated resources: The Portal provides a single location from which to access XSEDE resources. One can access all accounts on various machines from the Portal.
 - Interfaces for data management, data collections, and other user tasks and resources
 - -Access to the Help Desk.



XSEDE User Portal

$\leftarrow \rightarrow C$ https://portal.xsede.org/my-xsede#/guest

🔢 Apps 🗋 New Tab



Q☆ 0 :



XSEDE User Portal

🗧 🔶 🖸 🗎 https://portal.xsede.org/my-xsede?p_p_id=58&p_p_lifecycle=0&p_p_state=maximized&p_p_mode=view&saveLastPath=0&_58_struts_action=%2Flogin%2Flogin

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👖 Apps 🗋 New Tab





Request an XSEDE allocation (1)

- · Go to Allocations tab
- Click on Submit/Review Request heading
- If you are new to XSEDE, you should submit a startup allocation by clicking "Start a New Submission" under Startup

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	👗 User Portal 🕻	🔉 Web Sit
SEDE USER PORTAL	Search XSEDE	6
Extreme Science and Engineering Discovery Environment		. 🖾
MY XSEDE RESOURCES DOCUMENTATION ALLOCATIONS 1	TRAINING USER FORUMS HELP ECSS ABOUT	
Announcements Resource Info Startup Education Research Submit/Review	w Request Manage Allocations Policies About XRAS	
XSEDE Resource Allocation System xras xras Image: Need Help? View our XRAS Documentation	•	FEEDBACK
Available Opportunities Listed below are the currently open/available submission opportunities to which you may submit an allocation request.	Requests Incomplete 1 Approved 10 Rejected 2	
Submission period: 2018-06-15 - 2018-07-15	(Untitled) ^(New) Startup	
Start a New Submission Start Renewal for IBN130001 Start Renewal for CTS160002	Allocation Manager: Jana, Anirban	

Startup

Start a New Submission

Educational

Start a New Submission Start Renewal for DMR170062





Request an XSEDE allocation (2)

- You can request various allocations types
- **Startup** allocations are good for new users
 - Total limit of 200K SUs
 - Individual resource limit varies, but typically 30K-200K SUs
 - Require only abstract and CV
- Research can be requested during quarterly allocation windows (Mar 15-Apr 15, Jun 15-Jul 15, Sep 15-Oct 15, Dec 15-Jan 15)
 - Requires written proposal

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Start a New Submission	Start Renewal for IBN130001
Start Renewal for CTS160	002

Startup

Start a New Submission

Educational

Start a New Submission St

Start Renewal for DMR170062

Campus Champions

Start a New Submission



Request an XSEDE allocation (3)

- Fill in PI information
 - PI can be faculty/staff (including postdocs) at U.S. academic institutions
 - Cannot be graduate student
 - Once you get your allocation you can add other users (including foreign collaborators)
- Write Abstract (paragraph or two) explaining what you'd like to do using XSEDE resources



Please make sure the user has successfully logged in to the XSEDE User Portal and accepted the Acceptable Use Policy.









- Choose resources of interest and enter "amount" requested for each
 - For Compute resources, enter requested SUs or Service Units (the meaning of an SU depends on the specific type of resource, and explained in the next step)
 - For Storage resources, enter requested amount in GBs
 - For Advanced Services, enter Yes/No
 - Sum of SUs on all machines cannot exceed 200,000 SUs (???)
- Upload CV for the PI and submit request



Request an XSEDE allocation (5) Bridges PSC Regular Memory XSEDE Extended 1 Service Unit = 1 Core Hour Collaborative Support In order to request this resource, you must also request one of the following resources: Compute Bridges Pylon PSC Storage Bridges **PSC Regular Memory** Amount requested * SUs Bridges GPU PSC GPU Bridges GPU PSC GPU Bridges Large K80 nodes: 1 GPU-hour = 1 SU. P100 nodes: 1 GPU-hour = 2.5 SUs. **PSC Large Memory** Amount requested GPU Hours Comet SDSC Dell Cluster with Intel Haswell Comments Processors Comet GPU SDSC Comet GPU Nodes Bridges Large PSC Large Memory 1 Service Unit = 1 TB Memory Hours Jetstream Amount requested * IU/TACC Memory Hours OSG Comments Open Science Grid _ Storage Bridges Pylon PSC Storage Amount requested **Bridges Pylon** GB **PSC Storage** Comments Data Oasis SDSC Medium-term disk storage XSEDE

Request an XSEDE allocation (6)

- You'll get an email confirming request
- Startup requests usually take 1-2 weeks to be granted
- To start using XSEDE, you must apply for a startup. Later, if you want a larger allocation, you need to write a proper proposal
- See here for more info: <u>https://portal.xsede.org/allocations/research</u>



You can get a lot of computing for little effort!

By submitting an abstract, your CV, and filling out a form, you get:

- A Startup allocation
 - Up to 200,000 SUs on XSEDE systems for one year
 - That is the equivalent of 8333 days (22.8 years) of processing time on a single CPU core!
- Access to consulting from XSEDE personnel regarding your computational challenges
- Opportunity to apply for Extended Support
 - Requires answering 5 questions addressing your need for Extended Support
 - Can be done together with your Startup request, or at anytime after that



Adding Users

- Each prospective user must get an XSEDE portal account
- Once you receive the allocation you can add other users: portal.xsede.org→My XSEDE→ Add/Remove user
- Use each person's XSEDE portal username to add them to your allocation



Accessing XSEDE via portal.xsede.org



XSEDE Single Sign on Login Hub

You can SSH into any XSEDE system with your PORTAL username and PORTAL password from the convenience of your desktop.

XSEDE recommends you use the XSEDE Single Sign on Login Hub to login to XSEDE resources with your local username and password. Use a local SSH client on your desktop to SSH to login.xsede.org with your portal username and password then easily gsi-ssh to any XSEDE system you have an account on with no additional username or passwords. For more information please visit the <u>XSEDE Single Sign on Login Hub</u> documentation page.

RESOURCE NAME	GSI-SSH LOGIN HOST	INSTITUTION	LOCAL USERNAME
Mason	mason.iu.xsede.org	IU	
SuperMIC	supermic.cct-Isu.xsede.org	LSU CCT	janirban
bridges-gpu.psc.xsede	bridges-gpu.psc.xsede	PSC	anirban
OSG	submit-1.osg.xsede.org	OSG	janirban
stampede2.tacc.xsede	stampede2.tacc.xsede	TACC	janirban
comet-gpu.sdsc.xsede	comet-gpu.sdsc.xsede	SDSC	janirban
XStream	xstream.stanford.xsede.org	Stanford U	xs-janirban
Bridges	bridges.psc.xsede.org	PSC	anirban
Bridges Large	bridges.psc.xsede.org	PSC	anirban
Comet	comet.sdsc.xsede.org	SDSC	janirban
Jetstream	jetstream.tacc.xsede.org	TACC	janirban
rmacc-summit.colorado.xsede	rmacc-summit.colorado.xsede	CU Boulder	
Wrangler	wrangler.tacc.xsede.org	TACC	janirban

- Make sure you are logged into the XSEDE User Portal
- Go to 'My XSEDE' tab

TEEDBACK

- Go to the 'Accounts' link
- Follow the instructions on the XSEDE Single Sign on Login Hub webpage



Access XSEDE with standard SSH client

- Login to portal.xsede.org and go to "My XSEDE" → Accounts to find your site-specific username
- Email <u>help@xsede.org</u> to get site-specific password. Or, for Bridges, set your PSC password here:

https://apr.psc.edu

- 3. Use your site-specific username and password to login to your machine of choice:
 - Unix/Linux/Mac: use 'ssh' in a terminal window
 - Windows: Download and use an SSH client such as Putty

http://the.earth.li/~sgtatham/putty/lat est/x86/putty.exe



Running Jobs on XSEDE Resources

Job Management with GRAM5

To learn about the specifics of how to run on a particular supercomputer. look at the User Guide.

- File Systems
- Batch jobs

	ORTAL Search XSEDE		
MY XSEDE RESOURCES DOCUMENTAT	ION ALLOCATIONS TRAINING USER FORUMS HELP ECSS ABOUT		
Get Started Manage Data User Guides Comm	nunity Codes News Project Documents Usage Policy Knowledge Base MFA XSEDE API		
XSEDE Resource	User Guides		
Below are links to each resource's user guide. E specific to that resource. Resources are listed all Visualization, Storage systems, Special Purpose XSEDE is committed to providing quality, useful of	ach guide provides information and instructions on system access, computing environment and running jobs phabetically within each resource type: High Performance Computing, High Throughput Computing, systems and Software documentation to its users. Please feel free to leave your suggestions and comments at the bottom of each		
High Performance Computing	High Throughput Computing		
Bridges (PSC)	Open Science Grid		
Bridges GPU (PSC)	Scientific Visualization		
Comet (SDSC)	Maverick (TACC) retired from XSEDE		
Comet GPU (SDSC)	Storage Systems		
Jetstream (IU/TACC)	Bridges Pylon (PSC)		
Stampede2 (TACC) New!	Data Oasis (SDSC)		
SuperMIC (LSU)	Ranch (TACC)		
Wrangler Analytics (TACC)	Wrangler Storage (TACC)		
XStream (Stanford)			
Software Guides			

Know Your Filesystems

Where your data resides on XSEDE and the appropriate storage is your responsibility. Below are some filesystems you may typically encounter on the different resources:

- **\$HOME:** "Permanent" space, but small. A good choice for building software and working file collections of small to medium sized files, where a medium sized file is less than 50 MB. Backed up.
- \$SCRATCH: More space, but may be TEMPORARY depending on the machine. Recommended for running jobs.
 Backup your files left here! If a purge policy is in place, then the files get deleted (purged) after a certain time.
 Also not typically automatically backed up,
- Archival (mass) storage: Long-term storage of large amounts of data, is accessible from all sites, but offers slower access time. Tar files before storing.



Create a Batch Script

#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH -N 1
#SBATCH -p RM
#SBATCH --ntasks-per-node 28
#SBATCH -t 5:00:00

echo commands to stdout set -x

move to your appropriate pylon5 directory
this job assumes:

- # all input data is stored in this directory
- # all output should be stored in this directory

cd /pylon5/groupname/username/path-to-directory

run OpenMP program
export OMP_NUM_THREADS=28
./myopenmp

- Use a linux text editor (nano, pico, emacs, vi)
- Example **SLURM** script for running an OpenMP job on Bridges at PSC.
- Special (#SBATCH) directives at top, followed by regular linux shell script
- Actual commands can be specific to each system, but they follow general principles.
- May need some modification to run on other XSEDE machines



Batch jobs

Submit the script that you have created:

Batch system should be used to run your job. Some actual commands can be machine specific, but they follow general principles.

sbatch myscript squeue -u \$USER scancel myjobid man sbatch



Interactive jobs

On many of the resources, you can also get Interactive access to a compute node. The exact command for this is machine specific.

For example, on PSC's Bridges, the following command will give you interactive access to 1 (P100) GPU+14 CPU cores for 2.5 hours:

interact --gpu -t 2:30:00



Managing Your Environment on XSEDE resources: Modules

- Allows you to manipulate your environment and set environment variables related to a particular application.
- 'module list' shows currently loaded modules.
- 'module avail' shows available modules.
- 'module help' <name> provides a short help (IMPORTANT!)
- 'module show' <name> shows exact actions to be taken when loading it

Example on PSC's Bridges

% module load gcc/5.3.0
% which gcc
/opt/packages/gcc/5.3.0/bin/gcc

% module switch gcc gcc/7.2.0
% which gcc
/opt/packages/gcc/7.2.0/bin/gcc

% module unload gcc
% which gcc
/usr/lib64/ccache/gcc

Ref: http://modules.sourceforge.net/



Ask questions, get help:

- portal.xsede.org \rightarrow Help
 - Help Desk: Submit ticket
 - Security Incident, for ex. your account has been compromised.
- portal.xsede.org \rightarrow My XSEDE \rightarrow Tickets
 - Submit ticket
 - View past tickets (both open and closed)
- Can also email help@xsede.org or call 1-866-907-2383, at any hour (24/7)



Extended Collaborative Support Services (ECSS)

- Collaboration between researchers and XSEDE
- Expertise is available in a wide range of areas:
 - performance analysis and optimization
 - parallelization, optimization
 - gateway and web portal development
 - specialized scientific software.
- Can solicit Advanced Support at any time through the Allocations tab at the XSEDE User Portal
- Requires written request
- Inquire at help@xsede.org



Need training?

- portal.xsede.org \rightarrow Training
 - Course Calendar
 - On-line training





Campus Champions

- Campus Champions are faculty or staff at a particular institution/department with interest in helping others move to the "next level" in computing
- Receive specialized training and help from XSEDE
- Is there a Campus Champion on your campus?
 - To check, go to <u>https://www.xsede.org/web/campus-</u> <u>champions</u> and click on "Current Champions" on the right
 - Interested in becoming a campus champion? Scroll down to the bottom of the campus champion webpage for a link to send a request

